

Innovative complexity assessment to support future Capacity Management processes in TBO

Eva María Puntero Parla, Danlin Zheng, Leila Zerrouki, Andrija Vidosavljevic, Victor Fernando Gomez Comendador, Vilmar Volwitz, Clark Borst, E Puntero Parla, F Gomez Comendador

▶ To cite this version:

Eva María Puntero Parla, Danlin Zheng, Leila Zerrouki, Andrija Vidosavljevic, Victor Fernando Gomez Comendador, et al.. Innovative complexity assessment to support future Capacity Management processes in TBO: Development and optimization of takeoff and climb procedures for a smarter, sustainable and integrated air transport air transport system. SID 2019, 9th SESAR Innovation Days, Dec 2019, Athenes, Greece. hal-02549600

HAL Id: hal-02549600 https://enac.hal.science/hal-02549600

Submitted on 11 May 2020

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.



9th SESAR Innovation Days



Capacity management Optimisation for TrajecTory based OperatioNs



Innovative complexity assessment to support future Capacity Management processes in TBO

E. Puntero Parla, D. Zheng, L. Zerrouki, A. Vidosavljevic, F. Gomez Comendador, et al.

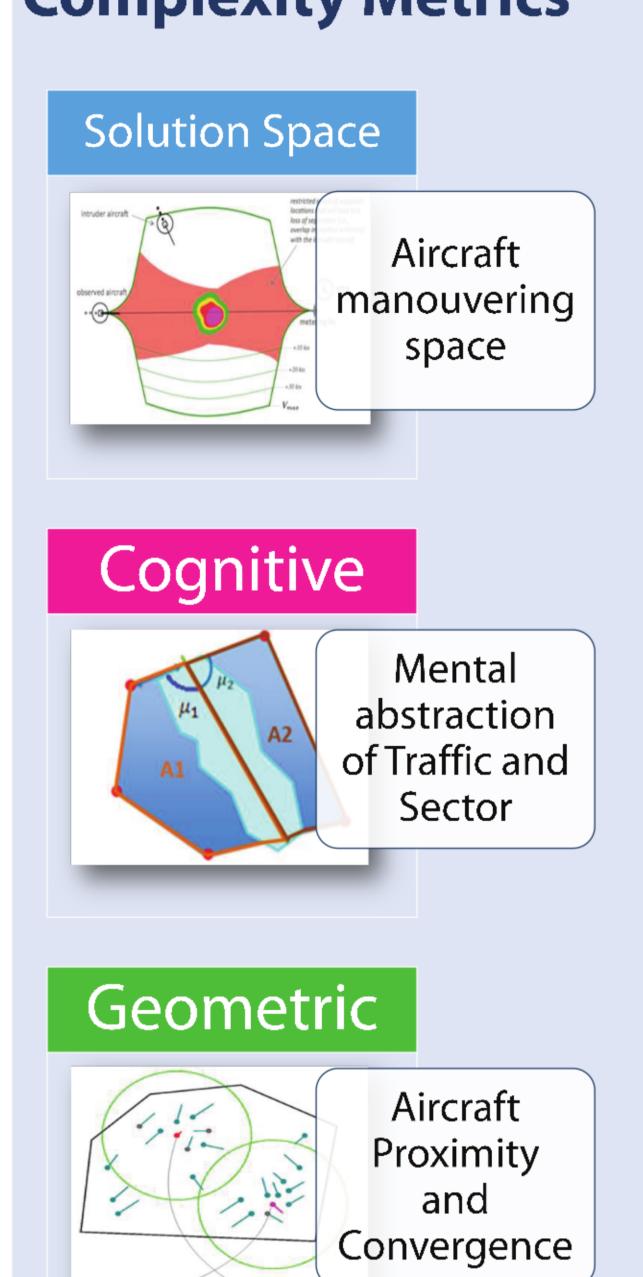
COTTON Objectives:

Develop trajectory-based Complexity Metrics more suitable to **Dynamic** Airspace Configuration (DAC) and Flight Centric ATC (FCA) mode of operations.

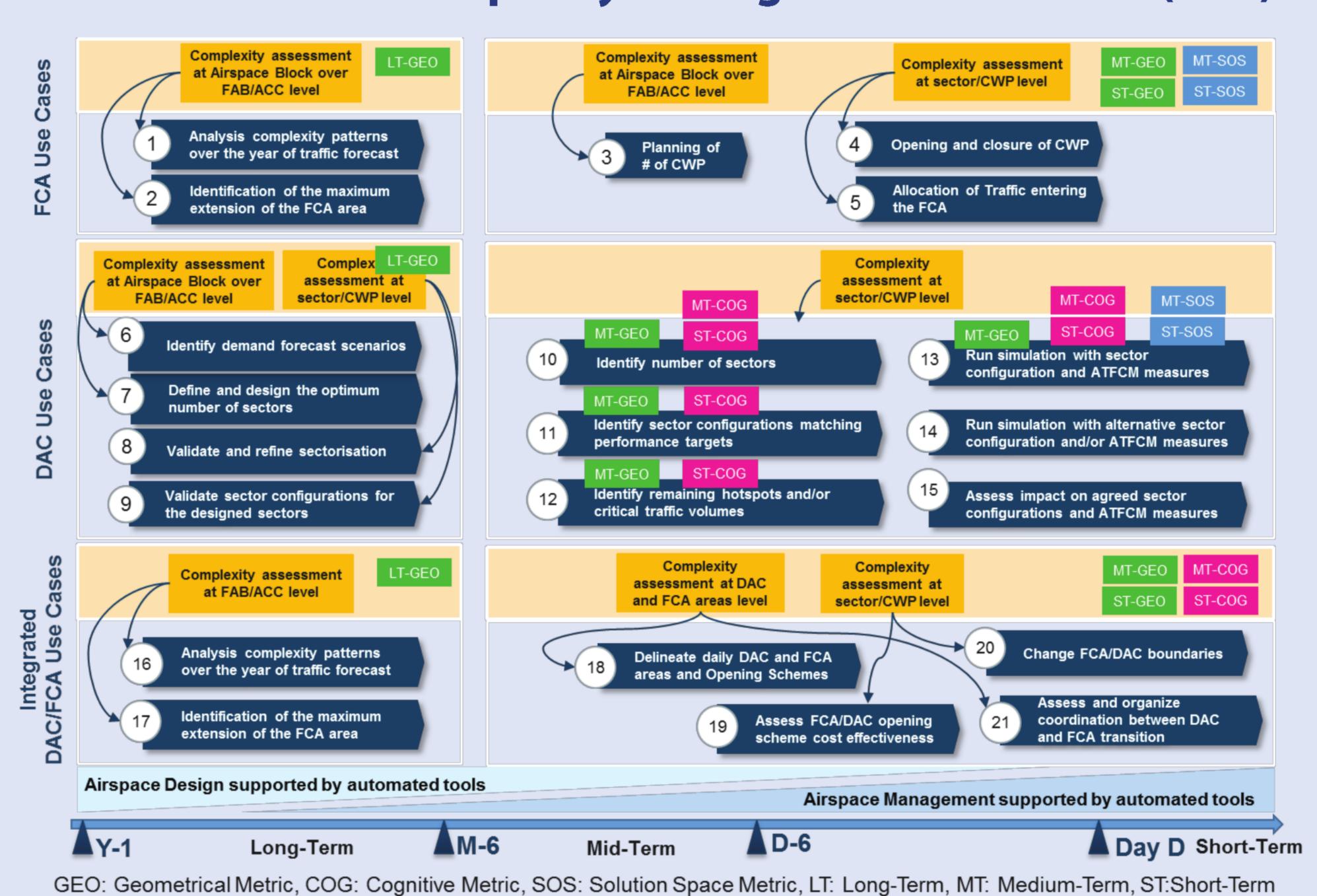
Optimise Capacity **Management** by incorporating **Trajectory Uncertainty** into their Demand and Capacity Balancing (DCB) tools.

Explore the integration of DAC and FCA solutions and the operational requirements for their common implementation.

COTTON Enhanced Complexity Metrics

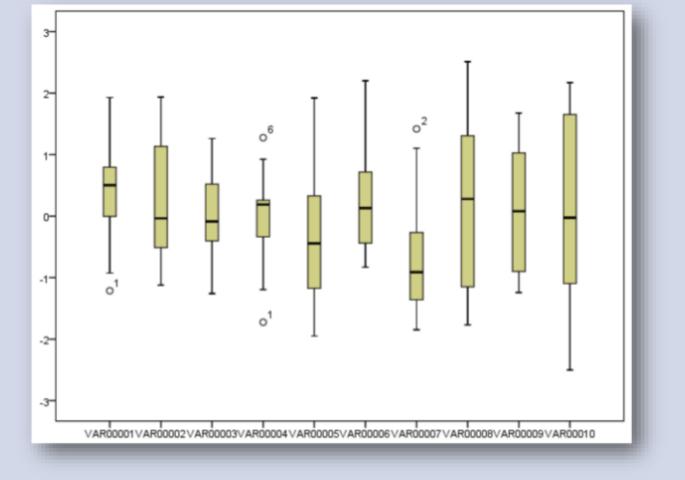






FCA in the Short-term

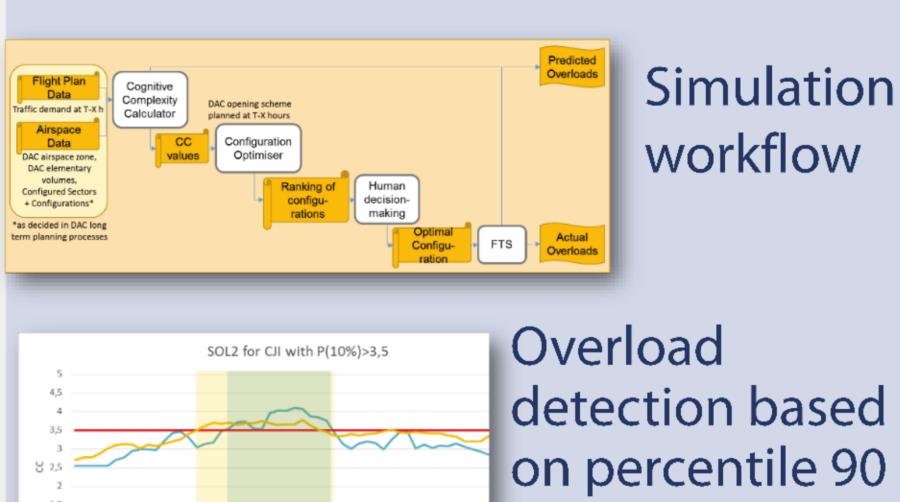
Impact of trajectory uncertainty in FCA short-term planning phase, using Geometrical Complexity (UCs 4 and 5)



Workload Measurement per FCA ATCo after allocation based on Geometric Approach

COTTON Validations DAC in the Short-term

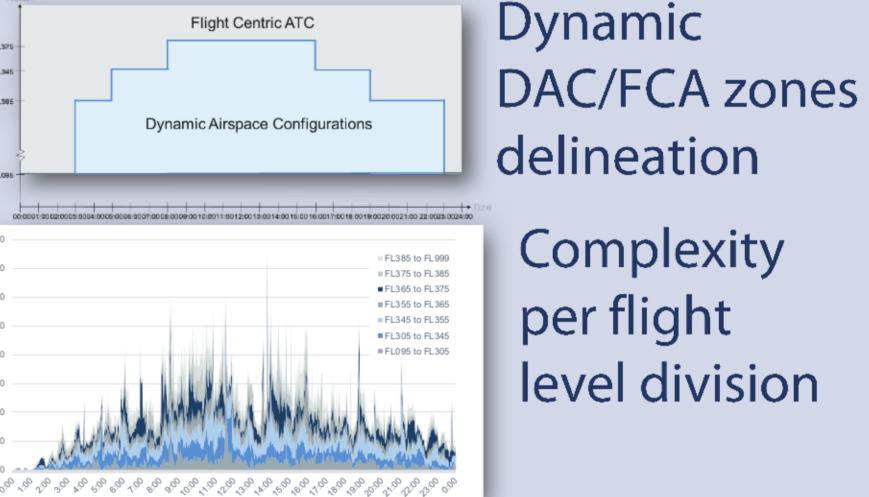
Optimisation of airspace configuration process in the short-term phase, using Cognitive Complexity (UCs 11 and 12).



detection based on percentile 90 of the predicted probabilistic complexity

Integrated DAC/FCA in the Medium-term

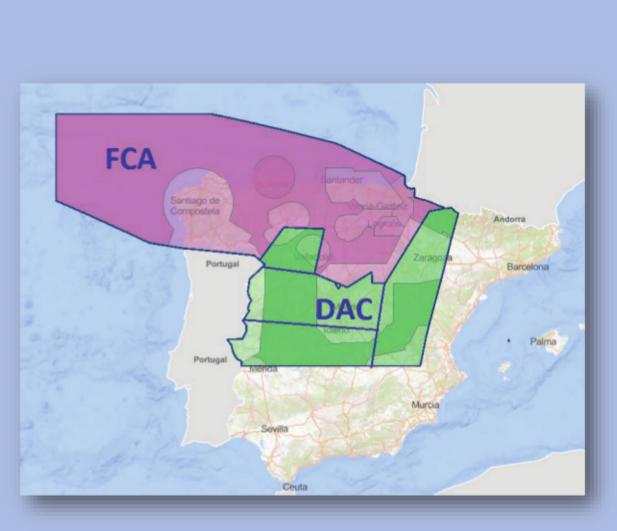
Capacity planning process emulation in medium-term phase, using Geometrical Complexity (UCs 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 18 and 19).



delineation Complexity per flight

VALIDATION RESULTS

¥	VALIDATION RESULTS		
	FCA	Allocation strategies based on COTTON Enhanced Complexity have showed a better balance of ATCo Workload.	
	DAC	DAC shows that the application of complexity metrics better adapted to a trajectory-based environment allows a sector configuration plan more adapted to the traffic demand, reducing the risk of imbalances.	
		DAC/FCA boundary delineation processes with the support of COTTON Enhanced Complexity is defined with sufficient level of detail to demonstrate its technical and operational feasibility and demonstrated a reduction of overloads.	



Integrated DAC/FCA Complexity-based sector configuration













Project Coordinator: Eva Puntero – epuntero@e-crida.enaire.es



This project has received funding from the SESAR Joint Undertaking under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 783222

2 – 6 December 2019 Athens, Greece

founding members







